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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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| | A. Mini | | NAVY | AAIR | #XFBI | AEC | |
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A. Political - Economic

1. Khrushchev's Speech of 6 Nov 1957

Emphasizing Russia's willingness for peace and coexistence in his speech for the 40th anniversary of the October Revolution on 6 Nov, Khrushchev again proposed a summit conference. With reference to Moscow's economic targets for the next 15 years, he stated that by 1972 the USSR is to catch up with and, in some fields, even surpass present USA standards.

(Comment: Moscow is definitely keen on top-level negotiations in order to secure undisturbed long-term economic development. By demonstrating of the Soviet lead in the development of long-range rockets, Khrushchev presumably hopes to be able to negotiate from a position of strength and thus to harness the West for his own interests, without offering genuine concessions on his part. As it is, there is reason to believe that Moscow is interested in a discontinuation of atomic tests and a reduction of conventional forces. While being level with the USA in the field of scientific development of atomic wempons, Moscow will need time to catch up with the USA in the production of fissile material, allegedly for peaceful purposes. A reduction of conventional forces would bring about in the USSR an improvement of the labor situation which is bound to become more and more critical during the next few years in view of the increasing labor demand by industry and agriculture and, simultaneously, a considerable shrinkage of available labor because of the numerically weak war-time age classes. Moscow's superiority in the field of conventional forces would be retained in any case .

Talks on Near-East problems in a summit conference would in practical terms amount to a recognition of the fact that Moscow has a say in these areas, even if no agreement or demarcation of spheres of interest can be reached, which appears unlikely in the first place. It can be assumed that the USSR feels threatened by the Bagdad pact and will continue to make all efforts to break or at least paralyze it.)

2. Military Talks USSR-Red China

Eleven leading Red-Chinese military experts were ordered from Peking to take part in talks now under way in Moscow between Khrushchev, Mao and the Red Chinese Defense Minister.

(Comment: The predominantly military character of these talks is obvious. It is assumed that conversations include the question of the National-Chinese islands Qhemoi and Matsu and the equipment of the Red-Chinese army with atomic weapons.)

3. Increased SED Influence on NVA

the SED Politbureau decided in the presence of Soviet Ambassador Pushkin that NVA polit officers be subordinated to the "Commission for National Security of the SED Central Committee" headed by Erich Honecker, Paul Verner and Walter Haehnel.

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(Commett: This measure will result in a considerable increase in SED influence on the NVA, a development which corresponds to the new tendencies in the Eastern Bloc initiated by Zhukov's removal. It remains to be seen if the polit officers will be directly subordinate to the Central Committee.

See following supplements.)



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B. Armed Forces

I. USSR and "United" Forces (Warsaw Pact)

Total Strongth

Personnel Exchange (GDR-USSR)

Between 31 Oct and 5 Nov, 5 occupied and 3 empty personnel shuttle-trains from GDR to Brest-Litovsk via Kuestrin and Frankfurt/Oder observed.

Apparently beginning of personnel exchange program. This assumption is confirmed by other indications such as personnel shipments within GDR, observation of recruits at various posts. Assumed that small—scale personnel exchange took place already prior to this date.)

II. Czechoslovakia (Recruiting and Replacement Administration)

One night in early Aug 1957, trained men of the 1900-1925 age classes (Czech and German) in Sanz (UR 9776) received draft orders from local recruiting and replacement administrations (O.V.V.), accord to which they had to report at the O.V.V. immediately. At the O.V.V., they were issued 3 draft orders which they had to take to other men. By 0400, some 400 men were assembled. Along with 3-4 officers and 10 NCOs, they were moved to Wellmschloss, appr 10 km from Sanz, on requisitioned trucks and were quartered in the school there. After 2 days, they were discharged. No clothing or arms had been issued, nor had there been any exercises. The practice was reportedly directed and controlled by a Soviet officer.

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Additional indication that, during the last months, Soviet Bloc states conducted mobilization practices, possibly employing new methods in order to speed up mobilization of forces. Mobilization practices in connection with maneuvers of Csech army were reported in Pilsen area in Oct 1957.

Similar exercises of Polish troops were

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Similar exercises of Polish troops were 25X1 conducted in Pomerania in Sep. 25X1



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C. Army

I. USSR (Training in GDR)

Prior to early Nov, bulk of Soviet troops stationed at posts. In addition to small-scale training activities in and near posts, transfer of individual units for firing practices and short-term exercises near posts.

Observed were:

| 7-28 Oct, Kliets tag gr: firing of elms 6th Arty Div/GSFG Rathenow incl 122-mm field hows, 240-mm morts and BM-24 rls | 25X1 |
|--|---------------|
| 21 Oct, 3 shpats presum of tank units 6th Gds Tank Div/First Gds Mecs Army (Tank) returned to Wittenberg from firing practices at Justerbog | 25X1 |
| 30/31 Oct, return in 2 shpmts of elms 2d Arty Brig/Second Gds. Mecz Army (Tank), which transferred to Altengrabow in 3 shpmts on 27 Oct | 25X1 |
| 22-27 Oct, transfer of AT unit (12x85-mm AT guns, 6x76-mm field guns), either Mecs Regt/7th Gds Mecz Div or u/i AT Regt from Fuerstenwalde to Letzlinger Heide tng gr for firing pract | 25 X 1 |
| 22-23 Oct, emercise Engr Bn/8th Gds Mecs Div Leipzig near post incl appr 45 trucks with pontoons | 25X1 |

II. Poland

Order of Battle

In Nov 1956, 70th Mts Rifle Regt, stationed in former Grenadier Kaserns in Statin. The regt was subordinate to 12th Mts Rifle Div, C/O Col Majtek and was organized into 3 battelions, each of appr 230 mem. Each bm inel 3 rifle cos sach of 40 mem, 1 machine gum co of 30 mem (8 M-1943 machine gums Goryunou); 1 AAA co of 20 mem (4-5x14.5-mm twinbarreled AA gums ZPU-2); 1 mort co of 40 mem (2 pls, 6 M-1943 82-mm morts). Regimental units incl 1 tank co of 20 mem (5-6x 76.2-mm SP gums); 1 arty co of 50 mem (10x76-mm field gums,

(Comment. Training activities normal for this time of year.)

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10x120-am morts, 57-am AV gums); 1 engr co of 25-30 men; 1 sig oo of 35-40 men; 1 rem pl of 20 man (sidecar motorcycles); and 1 NCC school (150-180 Hem). In Oct 1995, appr 300 moddlers of the 70th Mts Rifle Regt, who had been inducted in New 1954, were discharged ahead of time. Except for the 70th Mt. Hifle Regt, the 5th and 41st Mts Rifle 25X1 Regts, both Statting also belonged to 12th Mtz Rifle Div (Compant. The With Mt: Rifle Regt reported for the first time. Lt Col Gajna unknown. 25X1 Col Majtel: confirmed as div commander in May 1957. In spite of low strength figures of individual units, total strength of regt estimated at appr 1,000 men. Early discharge of 300 EM in Oct 1955 possibly connected with reduction of Polish Forces by 25X1 47,000 men amounced in Sep 1955. 5th and 41st Mtz Rifle Regts confirmed in Stettin, Thus, assumption that Stargard/Pomerania 25X1 (43d Mtz Elfle Regt and 34th (?) Arty Regt) belongs exclusively to area 12th Mtz Rifle Div Stattin doubtful.) In Apr 1957, 26th Mot Frans Br C/O Maj Pawlowski, 25X1 stationed in former Kusrassier kaserne in Breslau. Bn subordinate to 4th (Silesian) MD Braslau. Bn was organized into 1st (cadre) Co with lat and 2d Not Trans Pl (each 50 percent trucks and sedars), 3d (maintenance) Pl, and 4th (adm) Pl; 2d and 3d Co (NCO school), each of 3 Ing Pls. Each co had a strength of 160-180 Ef. Equipment of bn inel sedans: 34 Warsaw M-20s, 15 GAZ-678 (Cour-wheel drive), 15 GAZ-798 (on blocks); trucks: 10x3.5-ton Shar 20s, 40-50x2.5-ton Lublin GAZ-51s (only 20 in operation, 15-20 ZIS-150s (fuel tank and repair shop trucks), on blocks, wi number three-axle ZIS-150s, on blocks.

NCO school trained members of various units in 9-month courses 25X1 (driver's license) (Comment, bufo identifies known u/i mot trans unit in former Kuerassier Kaserne Breslau as 26th Mot Trans Bn. A mot trans bn or regt also sasumed to belong to army troops of mees armies 25X1 (Soviet organization) Maj Pawlowski reported for the first time. Total strength of 26th Mot Trans Bn incl MCO school estimated at 700-750 EM. 25X1 Compare organization of mot trens of 11th Meez Div Sagan. 25X1

III. Czechoslowkia

1. location

Iglan (WQ 4272) permanent post of 48th Rifle Regt. After Apr 1957, regt stationed at Balanties tag gr; not yet returned to post in



| | Aug. Several 160-mm norts observed Feb 1957 | 25 X 1 |
|-----|--|---------------|
| | (Comment. 48th Rifle Regt/1st Rifle Div Budweis last confirmed in Iglau in 1956. Regt came from Tabor in the fall of 1955, succeeded tank unit which moved to Caslav. During the summers of 1952 to 1956, regt at Boletice tng gr. In 1956, stayed at tng gr after maneuvers 1st Rifle Div until after suppression of Hungarian revolution.) | |
| 2. | Order of Bettle | |
| | The u/i unit of bn strength stationed in Stefaniak Kaserne in Bruex (Most) at summer camp from late Apr to 8 Sep 1957. Prior to departure, 6x100-rm AT guns definitely observed in barracks area. During summer, 3 sheds, 30x15-meter, built in barracks area | 25X1 |
| | (Comment. Bruex occupation undetermined. In addition to labor unit, Stefaniak Kaserne so far assumed to quarter only an u/i AAA unit. Late 1955, 8x88-mm (German) AA guns observed there. AT guns reported for the first time. Still undetermined, if occupation changed or reorganization took place. Also possible that 88-mm guns of observed unit which could be used as AA as well as AT guns, replaced by 100-mm AT guns-M 44. | |
| IV. | Bulgaria (Exercises and Maneuvers) | |
| | On 13 Sep, captain on leave called back to his unit in Stara Zagora, 80 km NE Plovdiv, for 10-day maneuver in Hermanlii/Marisa area, 100 km ESE Plovdiv | 25X1 |
| [| Ace to Bulgarian railroadman. Bulgarian army at maneuvers in | 25X1 |
| | On 21 Oct, recently discharged Bulgarian soldiers called back to their units. Dischargees on their way home were stopped in Kula. 150 km NW Sofia and had to go back | 25X1 |
| | (Comment. Indication of fall meneuvers Bulgarian army, Stara Zagora believed to be post of 8th Rifle Div. Calling-back of recent dischargees, probably of 1935-class. | 25X1 |

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D. Air Force

I. USSR

1. Location of Troops

Khuguyev (49 51 N/36 39 E) airfield was continuously occupied by about 35 NiG-15s from 1953 to March 1957. Beginning 1954, some twin-jet sircraft, about 10 in 1957, were also observed there. A portion of the troops including aircraft transferred to Kapusternovka emergeny airfield, about 15 km west of Itsyum (41 12 N/57 19 E) from May to October every year

25X1

(<u>Comment:</u> Khuguyev airfield has presumably been occupied by a Soviet fighter regiment since 1953. The reported number of twinjet aircraft and the time of observation indicate that the aircraft are Flashlights.)

At Budapent-Matyasfold (47 30 N/19 12 E) airfield, a single-engine conventional aircraft and two helicopters were observed in early July 19573 Soviet santrles were posted at the entrance of the airfield

25X1

(Comment: Budapast-Webyasfold sirfield is obviously still occupied by Soviets but no Soviet flying unit.)

2. Compand and Training of Troops

On 18 October 1957, 9 jet fighters dropped bombs over Kummersdorf bombing rugs at intervals of 20 to 45 minutes. Each jet fighter made 3 attacks.

lst attack: Approach at 2,000 meters, dropping of 2 bombs at the same time, departure at 1,000 meters.

2nd and 3rd attack: Firing with aircraft armament from an altitude of 500 to 150 meters, after approaching at 2,000 meters.

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On 23 October throughout the day, a major number of MiG-17s dropped tombs over Numersdorf bomb range under similar conditions as an 18 October

25X1

(Compart: MiG-17s of Ftr Regt Altenburg practiced on 18 Oct and MiG-17s of Ftr Regt Merseburg on 23 Oct.)

Further reports mentioned bombing by Fir Regt Koethen on 8 June 1957, Fix Regt Merselving on 7 June 1957, and Fir Regt Zerbst on 19 September 1957

25X1



(Comment: Bombing practices by MiG-17 fighters have now been reliably reported for the first time. It is assumed that bombtraining has been included in the training program of Soviet fighters, at least of the Twenty-Fourth Air Army. This permits the conclusion that, following the Western pattern, the Soviet fighter-bombers will raplace ground attack aircraft which were withdrawn from the Soviet Zone of Germany in 1956 and were allegedly discolved. It remains to be seen whether only a portion or all tactical fighters will be assigned the missions of fighter bombers or if special fighter-bomber units will be activated later on. It cannot yet be foreseen whether the fighter-bomber units will be a finel replacement for the ground attack units or whether, a coording to the Western pattern, heavy and light fighter-bombers will be distinguished.)

3. Logistics

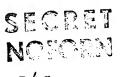
| It was determined in Outober 1957 that the four underground bunkers in Rachlin-Lacra, Ribmitz, Merseburg and Erfurt are to be completed in the late fall of 1957 | 25X1 |
|---|------|
| (Comment: This information was confirmed. Construction costs for each bunker are 1,500,000 eastmarks.) | · |
| Construction work at Cochstedt airfield was stopped on 31 October 1957. No resumption of work is envisaged | 25X1 |
| (Comment: Plans for similarly extension work, while at first postponed to 1958 due to insufficient construction capacity in 1957, have now been capaciled because of financial difficulties. the means for air force construction projects | 25X1 |
| Were reduced by 50 persent.) It was determined on 31 October 1957 that Allstedt eirfield is | |
| (Comment: This information seems to be correct since only repair work on damaged spots on the runway is required.) | 25X1 |

II. GDR

1. Command and Training of Troops

Desseu and Brandenburg-Briest airfields belong to Air Transport School in Desseu. Training is conducted with II-14s in Desseu and with AN-2s in Brandenburg-Briest. The members of the 2nd Tng Regt of Kamens Fighter School were transferred from Brandenburg/

| | | Briest to Rothenburg in March-April 1957 | 25X1 |
|------|-----|---|------|
| | | (Comment: The flight training program of fighter pilots had to be rearranged because Mak-lls are no longer available. Student pilots who terminated Wraining with Yak-18s apparently are trained subsequently with U-MiG-15s. | |
| | | Training Frograms 1st year, initial training with Yak-13s at Kamenz Fighter School 2nd year, stunt Mying with Tak-13s and retraining with U-MiG-15s at Rothenburg; Fighter School 3rd year, training with MiG-15s and MiG-17s, also at Rothenburg Fighter School.) | |
| | | 7th Ftr Wing 4th Sq Drewits, 2nd year, training with U-MiG-15s 3rd year, training with MiG-15s and MiG-17s | |
| | | (Commant: The Ath Sq of the 7th Ftr Wing Drewitz is apparently confirmed as training squadron of the 3rd Ftr Div. No information has been seceived so far on the 1st Ftr Div. It is unknown for which period the Yak-lis will not be available for training practices.) | |
| | 2. | Logistics | |
| | | On 8 November 1957, there was still little construction activity at Bautzen-Litten sirfield. NVA/L sentries were posted at the fuel dump where jet fuel was stored. The sirfield will be put into operation on 1 Jenuary 1958 | 25X1 |
| | | (Comment: Construction of the runway was completed. The airfield will be used for MiG-1; training of NVA/L pilots.) | |
| III. | Pol | and | |
| | 1. | Location of Accous | |
| | | Zendek (50 29 N/19 05 a) attribut had been occupied by one regiment with MiG-15s and one independent air force unit with about 15 IL-10s prior to November 1956 | 25X1 |
| | | In late Merch 1957, it was occupied by 35 MiG-15s and about 55 officer pilots | 25X1 |
| | | (Comment: Zendek mirfield is believed to be occupied by one Polish fighter regiment with MiG-15s and one independent reconneissance squadron with IL-10s. The 55 pilots presumably belong to the fighter regiment.) | · |
| | | | |



IV. Bulgaria

1. Location of Troops

On 7 October 1957, Plovdiv (42 O7 N/24 47 E) airfield was occupied by 28 IL-10s. On 6 October 1957, Krumovo (42 O4 N/24 51 E) airfield was occupied by about 42 single-engine conventional aircraft and about 38 single-jet aircraft

25X1

(Comment: According to previous assumption, Plovdiv and Krumovo airfields were occupied by a ground attack division of the Bulgarian Air Force, with the headquarters and one regiment stationed in Plovdiv and the other two regiments in Krumovo. The observed jet airswaft, presumably Yak-23s as inferred from the description, indicate that the division was reequipped.)

2. Compand and Training of Troops

Sofia-Boshurishte (42 45 N/23 12 E) airfield, formerly occupied by military unite, was used for flight training of DOSO personnel (a voluntary organization for sport and defense)

25X1

(Commant: It is believed that the airfield was formerly occupied by a fighter regiment of the Bulgarian Air Force equipped with conventional aircraft.)

25X1 Annex to Part C. I. 1. Details on Par "Training" 7-28 Oct, Klietz tng gr: firing practices with 122-mm field 25X1 hows, 240-mm morts and BM-24 rls (Comment. Presum elms 18th How Arty Brig, elms 65th Mort Brig and elms 25th Gds RL Brig/6th Arty Div from Rathenov at firing 21 Oct, 3 shpmts Forst Zinna - Wittenberg 25X1 (Comment. Return resum tenk elms 6th Gds Tank Div/First Gds Mecs Army (Tank) from firing.) 25X1 30/31 Oct, 2 shpmts Magdeburg distr - Dallgow (Comment. Presum return elms 2d Arty Brig/Second Gds Mecs Army (Tank) which transferred to Altengrabow for firing in 3 shpats on 27 Oct 25X1 22 Oct, 1 shpmt incl 12x85-rm AT guns. 6x76-rm field guns and trucks Fuerstenvalde - Jaevenitz 25X1 25X1 27 Oct, 1 shpmt Greifswald distr - Fuerstenwalde (Comment. Possibly short-term firing practices by elms Mecs Regt/7th Gds Mecs Div or elms of an u/i AT Regt from Fuerstenwalde at Letslinger Heide troop tng gr.) 22 Oct, Kaserne Heiterblick (8242), Leipzig: departure of 2 columns with appr 45 trucks loaded with pontoons in direction Taucha. 23 Oct, return of trucks with pontoons which had departed on 22 Oct 25X1 Commenta Presum exercise near post by 133d Gds Engr Bn/8th Gds Mecs Div. 2. U/i Shipments (not included in other data) 16 Oct, 1 shpmt Greifswald distr - Cottbus distr 19 Oct, 1 shpmt Cottbus distr - Frankfurt/Oder 19 Oct, 1 shpmt Halle distr - Schwerin distr 21 Oct, 1 shpmt Cottbus distr - Greifswald distr

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- 23 Oct, 1 shpat Justerbog Magdeburg distr
- 29 Oct, 1 shpmt Justerbog/Altes Lager Halle distr
- 31 Oct, 1 shpmt Justerbog/Altes Leger Halle distr
- 1 Nov, 2 shpmts Justerbog/Altes lager Halle distr
- 2/3 Nov, 1 shpmt Halle distr Justerbog/Altes Lager
- 3 Nov, 1 shunt Cottbus distr Greifswald distr
- 4 Nov, 1 shpmt Justerbog/Altes Lager Halle distr

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3. Personnel Exchange

| Date | Weight (in tons) | From | To |
|--------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|
| 30/31 0et | 65 0 | Cottbus distr | Brest-Litovsk |
| 31 Oct | 600 | Cottbus distr | Kuestrin |
| 31 Oct | 60 0 | Cottbus distr | Kuestrin |
| 31 Oct | 850 | Cottbus distr | Brest-Litovsk |
| 31 Oct | 800 | Greifswald distr | Cottbus distr |
| 1/2 Nov | 800 | Greifswald distr | Kuestrin |
| 2 Nov | 900 | Cottbus distr | Kuestrin |
| 4/5 Nov | 800 | Fuerstanberg | Brest-Litovsk |

(Comment. Presum plenned transport movements for 1957 personnel exchange started. It may be assumed that shpmts up to 650 tons are empty, while those with more than 800 tons are loaded with dischargess.

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